Organic grass and legume seed production in Sweden

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Outline

- $\checkmark\,$ Introduction to organic seed production
- \checkmark Weed regulation by cutting the herbage in clover crops
- ✓ Field trials in white clover
- ✓ Cutting put into practice
- \checkmark N-application in grass seed

A journey that started more than 20 years ago



Harvest of red clover seed
in September

• Swathing about 10 days earlier



Participating authors

- Lars Andersson, SLU
- Eva Stoltz, REAS, Örebro
- Eva Edin, REAS, Västerås
- Gunilla Larsson, Swedish
- Seed and Oilseed Growers



- Per Ståhl, Crop Advisor organic Production,
- Rural Economy and Agricultural Society (REAS), Östergötland

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The European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development: Europe investing in rural areas



Sunrise 03:45 am, sunset 22:12 pm



Mixed grass-legume leys



Red clover is the most important legume crop in mixed leys





Timothy

Meadow fescue







Production of organic certified seed of grass and legume crops





Certified organic ley seed

The same requirements apply for purity and germination as for conventional seed

Efficient weed regulation

- No tolerance of docks (*Rumex* spp)
- Admixture of other economic species difficult to separate (white clover and Alsike clover in timothy)



Area in hectares of certified seed farmed in Sweden 2000-2022



Source: Swedish Board of Agriculture

Successful collaboration



Important discussions in the field sharing knowledge

and the second sec



✓ Location of field experiments and activities



Weed regulation by cutting the herbage





Weed regulation by cutting the herbage of the seed crop of white clover-field trials

Cutting treatments performed 3-5 cm above the ground surface at:				
1. control without cutting (no C)				
2. budding (CB)				
3. 1-2 flowers (CF)				
4. full flowering (CFF)				

Sandby gård Österlen 29 June 2007

Cutting at full flowering 18 June Cutting at budding 23 May

Cutting at 1-2 flowers 7 June

No cutting

Seed crop of white clover after cutting the herbage at different developmental stages. Average of six field trials conducted in cultivars SW Sonja, SW Hebe; SW Ramona and Riesling in 2005-2007

Treatment	Seed yield (kg per hectare)	Flowers (number per m ²)	<i>T. inodorum</i> Fresh weight per m ²
1. No cutting	233 <i>ab</i>	471 <i>a</i>	1326 <i>a</i>
2.Cutting at budding stage (CB)	262 <i>a</i>	608 <i>a</i>	321 <i>b</i>
3. Cutting att 1-2 flowers per m ² stage (CF)	188 <i>b</i>	554 <i>a</i>	73 <i>c</i>
4. Cutting at full flowering (CFF)	98 <i>c</i>	407 <i>a</i>	15 <i>c</i>

Different letters show significance according to Tukeys test, *p*<0.05

Cutting in practice



Optimal time point for cutting



The stalk on the ground. Cutting can be performed at a low height (5-8 cm), until the buds elongate and the first white flowers are visible.



Wide dubble knives – multi purpose forage cutter



Photo : P. Ståhl



Strategy for cutting red clover



- Time point
- Cutting height

Early cutting

Best performed in the stem elongation phase of red clover usually in late May.



Cut when **scentless mayweed** extends above the clover stand

Harsh cutting is most effective for weed reduction and has shown increased seed yield



Harsh cutting



Mild cutting



Photo: Per Ståhl





Checking the cutting height with a Swedish folding rule





Cutting in practice



Mild cutting above the growing point

Half the crop stand (compromise) Harsh cutting

Design: P. Ståhl



Nitrogen application in grass seed

Organic amendments



Spreading of Vinasse cattle slurry





Conclusions timothy

✓ Low N-level (50 N) was underoptimal

✓ High N-level (90 N) Vinasse and digestate increased lodging

✓ Digestate is a future product!

First experiments with digestate from biogas production





Grass seed a multi purpose crop





Harvest of timothy regrowth 2018



11,5 MJ 176 g cp



Environmental benefits





- Seed production of clover has a great impact on biodiversity
- Important for Nmanagment

Nordic Association for Agricultural Research



Herbage Seed Group Plants section working group

Seminars every 4th year

Thank you for your attention!



